Earlier this century, several thousand British children mainly in the care of voluntary organisations were emigrated to former Dominions - mainly Australia, Canada and New Zealand - under several schemes involving the British Government, the Governments of the receiving countries and the voluntary organisations who operated the schemes.

The measures set out were to help former British child migrants were set up as part of the Government’s response to the report by the Parliamentary Select Committee for Health into the Welfare of Former Child Migrants, following an enquiry in 1998. These provisions apply only to those children who were migrated from institutional care in the UK under Government approved schemes. They do not apply to wartime evacuees or to those migrated under other assisted schemes.

The UK Government recognised that the priority for most children who were separated from their families through these schemes was to re-establish contact and - where possible - to reunite with their family. The Government therefore offered two new kinds of help:

a. an Information Index to help those who wish to find their family;
b. a Support Fund to help those without means who have found their family to reunite.

In addition, the Government has also made available extra funding for the Child Migrant Trust, which offers an independent, specialised service for former child migrants and their families.

These pages tell you about these new measures and how they might help you. It also gives some extra information about other groups or organisations that might be able to offer assistance, including details of useful contacts in Australia, Canada and New Zealand.
Former British child migrants: the Information Index and recent changes

In 1999 the Government funded the NCVCCO to set up and manage the Central Information Index.

The Index contains basic information from the UK Sending Agencies of those child migrants who were sent primarily to Australia, Canada and New Zealand between 1920 and the late 1960s on assisted schemes. The Index is not a complete list of all the children who were migrated. This is because some of the records of some of the Sending Agencies may no longer be available. They may, for example, have been destroyed in the War, or when Agencies closed down or merged with others. In such cases some further information might be available in the country to which the child was migrated.

"Where do I go from here?" Please look below …

- Tracing the Sending Agency by date of migration and home
- Background information about the Sending Agencies
- If you know your Sending Agency you can check the "At a Glance" contact list
- Addresses which may be helpful in the three main countries to which the majority of children were migrated.

The Index is not available for general reference or information. However, if you require specific information from the Index (for example, to demonstrate nationality), please contact either Mr Ilan Katz (Section Head) or Deidre Correa (Deputy Section Head) at the Department of Health who will be more than happy to assist. Their details are:

Mr Ilan Katz  
Section Head  
Area 119  
Wellington House  
133 –155 Waterloo Road  
London SE1 8UG  
Tel: 020 7972 1356

Deidre Correa  
Deputy Section Head  
Area 119  
Wellington House  
133 –155 Waterloo Road  
London SE1 8UG  
Tel: 020 7972 4086

Fax: 020 7972 4179  
e-mail: childmigrants@doh.gsi.gov.uk

You may also find the following addresses useful:

Ian Thwaites  
Child Migrants Trust  
28A Musters Road  
West Bridgford  
Nottingham NG2 7PL  
Tel: 0115 982 2811  
Fax: 0115 981 7168

Sue Cotton  
South Pacific Section  
NEAPD  
Foreign & Commonwealth Office  
Room WH 301  
London SW1A 2AP  
Tel: 020 7008 3263  
Fax: 020 7008 2828  
E-mail: sue.cotton@fco.gsi.gov.uk

Top
### Former British child migrants: Tracing the sending agency

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>INFORMATION ON THE SENDING AGENCY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1914</td>
<td>From 1914 (First World War) no migration took place from Great Britain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td>The British care societies recommenced child migration to Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>The first Barnardo’s child migrants were sent to New South Wales. Kingsley Fairbridge, having received assistance from the Overseas Settlement Board (London), placed his farm school at Pinjarra on a permanent footing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1924</td>
<td>Sir Richard Linton founded the Big Brother Movement (Sydney)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1926</td>
<td>Catholic leaders in Perth plan for a farm school at Tardun, west of Geraldton, as an extension of Clontarf Orphanage (staffed by the Christian Brothers).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>Child migration to Canada ceases other than to the Fairbridge Farm School in British Columbia. Although migration to Australia was severely curtailed, children continued to be admitted into Pinjarra farm school and Barnardo’s children were sent to Mowbray Park, Picton, New South Wales.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1937</td>
<td>New farm schools on Fairbridge principles were established at Molong, near Orange (New South Wales) and at Lady Northcote Farm School, Bacchus March near Melbourne.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1938-39</td>
<td>The first 114 child migrants under Catholic auspices arrived in Western Australia as part of the Tardun scheme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1939</td>
<td>The outbreak of war in Europe in 1939 led to the suspension of child and youth migration schemes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1940</td>
<td>577 children sent to Australia due to a fear of a German invasion in Britain.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1945</td>
<td>War ended. For two years no ships were available to send migrants to Australia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1947</td>
<td>First post-World War II child migrants sent to Australia. The majority were placed in Western Australian institutions (about one-half having been sent by the Catholic auspices). The Big Brother Movement renewed its youth migration to Australia and during the 1950s sent about 400 young men per year (aged between 15 – 18), to Australia. Since its inception in 1925, about 12,500 teenagers were sent to Australia under this scheme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1950</td>
<td>Maltese child migrants (all boys), were sent to Australia. All were placed in the Christian Brothers institutions in Western Australia. In total about 280 Maltese child migrants were sent to Australia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1956</td>
<td>The British Catholic care institutions terminated all plans to send further children to Australia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1957</td>
<td>The Commonwealth Settlement Act was renewed by the British Parliament. Few child migrants were sent to Australia, although small numbers arrived under Barnardo’s and Fairbridge auspices. About 3,500–4,000 child migrants were sent to Australia after World War II.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The last nine child migrants were sent to Australia (by air) under the auspices of Barnardo's.
Former British child migrants: Background on sending agencies

If you require any specific information from the Sending Agency, contact details are noted below:-

- Barnardo’s (Dr Barnardo’s); Liverpool Sheltering Homes, MacPherson Homes and Marchmont Homes
- Catholic Agencies and Orders
- Fairbridge (Fairbridge Society, Fairbridge Farm Schools)
- Children’s Friend Society
- The Children’s Society (formerly The Church of England Waifs and Strays Society)
- National Children’s Homes (NCH) formerly known as National Children’s Homes and Orphanages
- Middlemore (Middlemore Homes)
- The Salvation Army
- Fegan’s Child and Family Care (formerly Fegan’s Homes)
- Quarriers (formerly The Orphan Homes of Scotland and Quarriers Homes)

Barnardo’s (Dr Barnardo’s)

Barnardo’s was involved in migrating 30,000 children and young people to Canada between 1882 and 1939. This agency sent around 2,784 children and young people to Australia between 1921 and 1967.

Australia: In 1921 the first party of 47 boys migrated, followed in 1923 by the first party of 32 girls. The migrated children settled in New South Wales on individual farms and homes. And in Western Australia children were settled on the Fairbridge Farm School. Barnardo’s sent no children to Western Australia after 1939. The last pre-war party of 36 boys and 18 girls arrived in 1938 with two further girls arriving separately in 1939, bringing the pre-war total of child migrants sent by Barnardo’s to 2,340. After the war migration continued on a diminished scale until 1967.

Canada: The first party of 51 boys aged 14-17 left for Canada in August 1882 followed by 100 boys in June 1883 and 72 girls in July of the same year. By children a year to Canada reaching a peak in 1905 of 1,300 children. During 1905 - 1915 between 600 and 1,000 children per year were migrated. The scheme was suspended until 1920. In 1921 Barnardo's began to send girls over 13 only to Canada and in 1925 the Canadian Government barred all children under 14 and without parents from entry for three years. In 1928 this ban was made permanent. A total of 30,000 children were sent to Canada between 1882 and 1939.

Barnardos contact details are as follows:
Barnardos (formerly Dr Barnardo’s)
After Care Centre
Tanners Lane
Barkingside
Ilford
Essex IG6 1QG
United Kingdom
Tel: +44 (0)20 8550 8822
Fax: +44 (0)20 8498 7017
Email: aftercare@barnardos.org.uk
Website: http://www.barnardos.org.uk/whatwedo/aftercare
Barnados also hold 20,000 records for Liverpool Sheltering Homes, MacPherson Homes and Marchmont Homes.

Catholic Agencies and Orders

The Catholic Church and its agencies were involved in two main periods of child migration, to Canada and Australia. Children and young people were sent to Canada from about 1870 to 1930. It is estimated that more than 10,000 Catholic children and young people went to Canada through a variety of different Catholic organisations.

Australia: Children were sent to Australia, from 1938-1963. During this period Catholic agencies in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland co-operated with the British and Australian governments in nominating children for migration to Australia under the Government scheme. It is understood that the total number of children sent under this scheme was approximately 3,000 of whom at least 1,200 came from Catholic children's homes and agencies. Two thirds of these went to Western Australia; the remaining third were sent to the other States.

The Catholic Children’s Society (Westminster) has a central record for many, but not all, of the Catholic child migrants. Individual agencies or religious orders who looked after the children in this country may also hold records. Most children were sent either by the diocesan childcare agencies or by religious orders, such as the Sisters of Nazareth. A few individual children were sent at the request of their families. Some were recruited by Australian institutions in direct contact with Catholic children's homes in the UK and some of these children became known to CCWC later. The CCWC records relating to child migration to Australia are housed at the Catholic Children’s Society (Westminster)

The following is a list of Catholic agencies and orders that were involved in migrating children abroad:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Catholic Care North East</th>
<th>Father Hudson’s Society</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Catholic Children and Family Care Society (Wales)</td>
<td>Birmingham</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catholic Children’s Rescue Society Salford</td>
<td>Father Nichols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catholic Children’s Society (Nottingham)</td>
<td>Lancaster Rescue Society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catholic Children's Society (Westminster)</td>
<td>Nazareth House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clifton Catholic Rescue</td>
<td>St Francis Children's Society</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information please contact:
Catholic Children’s Society (Westminster) (formerly Crusade of Rescue)
73 St Charles Square
London W10 6EJ
UK
Tel: +44 (0)20 8969 5305
Fax: +44 (0)20 8960 1464
Website: http://www.cathchild.org.uk/

Fairbridge (Fairbridge Society, Fairbridge Farm Schools)

In 1909 Kingsley Fairbridge set up the Child Emigration Society and established his first farm school in 1912 in Pinjarra (Western Australia). The first children arrived in 1913. From the shipping manifest records held by Fairbridge, the figures for child migrants between 1913-1960s are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pinjarra Farm School, Western Australia</td>
<td>2,515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molong Farm School, NSW</td>
<td>929 (includes children and parents)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adelaide, Victoria</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tasmania</td>
<td>193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada, Vancouver</td>
<td>374</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These figures include parents who either accompanied or followed their children to Australia after the introduction of the Parent Migration Scheme in the late 1950s.
Children’s Friend Society

The Children's Friend Society was founded in 1830 under the name of The Society for the Suppression of Juvenile Vagrancy. Captain Edward Pelham Brenton, the founder of the society, opened the Brenton Juvenile Asylum in Hackney Wick. The girls' home “The Royal Victoria Asylum” (Chiswick) was established by Lady Murray and her daughter the Hon. Miss Amelia Murray.

- From 1832 the society sent the first party of children to the Cape of Good Hope and later children were also sent to the Swan River Colony in Australia.
- In August of 1833 the first party of children was sent to Canada with 3 further groups in 1834, 1835 and 1836.

As many as 230 children arrived in Canada through the auspices of the Children's Friend Society. They went to Ontario and New Brunswick.

Further Information can be sought from:

- The British Library
- The Hardwicke Papers, found in the Gloucestershire Record Office, Clarence Row, Alvin Street, Gloucester GL1 3DW
- Publication The Children's Friend Society (1993) which contains the names of many of the child migrants. A copy of the book can be obtained from Access Press, P.O. Box 132, Northbridge, Western Australia. Also, Marjorie Kohli (Author) has made available the names of the children on her website.

The Children’s Society (formerly The Church of England Waifs and Strays Society)

The Children’s Society was involved in child emigration schemes to Canada (1883-1937), Australia (1925-c1955) and Southern Rhodesia, now Zimbabwe (1949-c1955).

From the late nineteenth century through to the early 1960s the British Government, through the Poor Law Authorities, and many British child care agencies were actively engaged in emigrating children to Canada, Australia and the former Southern Rhodesia (now Zimbabwe). Along with other national voluntary childcare organisations, The Children's Society was involved in the child emigration movement from 1883 to the late 1950s. This involvement comprised two phases. The first spanned the years 1883 to 1937 and concerned emigration to Canada via the receiving homes the Society maintained there. The second phase centred on emigration between 1925 and the 1950s when the Society used other agencies to emigrate children in its care to Australia and Southern Rhodesia.

The Children's Society sent approximately 3,940 children to Canada, Australia and Southern Rhodesia between 1883 and the 1950s. During the period the Society was active in Canada it maintained six receiving homes: Gibbs’ Home, Sherbrooke, Quebec (girls' home 1884-97, boys' home 1897-1933); Benyon Home, Sherbrooke, Quebec (boys' home 1884-97), Our Western Home, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario (girls' home 1897-1921), Elizabeth Rye Home, Toronto, Ontario (girls' home 1924-32), Winnipeg Babies’ Home, Winnipeg, Manitoba (home for boys and girls aged 0-5, 1909-11).

For more information contact:
The Children's Society
The Post Adoption and Care Counselling and Research Project
91 Queen's Road
National Children’s Homes (NCH) formerly known as National Children's Homes and Orphanages

The charity known today as National Children’s Homes (NCH) was established as National Children's Homes and Orphanages, and was founded by a Methodist Minister, the Reverend Thomas Bowman Stephenson and two friends, in 1869. Under the name of National Children's Homes and Orphanages, the charity developed a significant child migration scheme to Canada between 1873 to 1931. Under the name of the National Children's Home, the charity was involved in a much smaller child migration scheme to Australia, between 1950 to 1954. It also sent a small number of children to Australia under the auspices of the Fairbridge Farm Schools (1937-39).

Canada: In 1873, one of the three original founders of the charity, Frances Homer, left England for Canada with the first group of 34 boys and 15 girls. The archives of NCH Action For Children contain a series of registers and case files documenting sailings and details of individual children who migrated to Canada. These include copies of certificates signed by the parents or guardians of the children concerned, agreeing to their emigration. In 1989, an employee of the National Archives of Canada undertook a study of the files of children sent to Canada by National Children's Homes and Orphanages. He found that the children went initially to the Home in Hamilton, before being moved to placements within Canada. In the years after 1873, the Home in Hamilton was expanded and developed into a training and reception centre. A further home is stated to have been opened in Montreal some time after 1873. Records show that between 1873 – 1931 a total of 3,600 children migrated to Canada from Britain through the National Children's Homes and Orphanages child migration scheme.

Australia: The charity was far less involved in child migration to Australia than to Canada. The first children from the charity went to Australia in the period 1937-39, under the auspices of the Fairbridge Farm Schools. The total of 37 children who migrated was sent to the Lady Northcote Farm in the State of Victoria.

During 1949 - 1954, 91 children in the care of the National Children's Home in Britain migrated to Australia under the charity's child migration scheme. Their initial placements in Australia were as follows:

Dalmar Children's Home, Carlingford (Sydney) - 15 children
McGill Children's Home, Adelaide (South Australia) - 16 children
Methodist Home for Girls, Victoria Park (Perth) - 8 children
Methodist Peace Memorial Home, Burwood (Melbourne) - 37 children
Dr Barnardos Farm Training School, Picton (Sydney) - 15 children.

With the exception of the Dr Barnardo's Home, all the other establishments were part of the Methodist Church in Australia.

For more information please contact:
National Children’s Homes (NCH)
85 Highbury Park
London N5 1UD
Tel: 020 7704 7094
Fax: 020 7704 7172
Website: http://www.nch.org.uk

Middlemore (Middlemore Homes)

John T. Middlemore founded the Children's Emigration Homes, St. Luke's Road, Birmingham. The emigration of children to Canada began in 1873 and the first receiving home was Guthrie Home in London, Ontario. These children were placed around the London area.
After the closure of Guthrie Home in 1893, children were to Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island and in 1895, Middlemore established a receiving home in Fairview, Nova Scotia, not far from Halifax.

Some 5,000 children came to Canada with Middlemore. They came from Middlemore's home in Birmingham as well as from local workhouses and reformatories. Some children were also sent by Guildford Union.

From 1922 – 1955 around 259 Middlemore children were sent to Australia, in association with Fairbridge Farm Schools, Holy Trinity School, and the Lady Northcote School.

For more information please contact:
Middlemore Homes
55 Stevens Avenue
Bartley Green
Birmingham B32 3SD
Tel: 0121 427 2429
Fax: 0121 427 8752

The Salvation Army

The Salvation Army (founded by William Booth, a Methodist minister) assisted people to migrate to Canada late in the nineteenth. The numbers grew substantially and by the turn of the century this organisation was playing a major role in the emigration of children and continued to do so until World War I.

After the war and during the 1920s, the Salvation Army directed migrants to Australia. By this stage its efforts were directed to assisting families and settling farm boys, especially in Queensland. The Army worked closely with the Royal Colonial Institute and the Overseas Settlement Department within the Dominions Office. In Queensland, it established a special training camp at Riverview (near Brisbane). In the late 1920s the Salvation Army, on four separate occasions, chartered the vessel Vedic to transport its emigrants from Britain to Australia.

During the 1950s fewer than one hundred children passed through Riverview.

Further information

Records at the National Archives Australia provide some idea of the range of Army activities, but probably understate their impact. The main emphasis is on policy, finance, training and after-care; there is little to assist genealogists.

To contact the Salvation Army:
The Salvation Army
101 Newington Causeway
London SE1 6BN
Tel: 020 7367 4924
Fax: 020 7367 4712

Fegan's Child and Family Care (formerly Fegan's Homes)

Around 3,166 boys migrated to Canada between 1884 to 1938.

James William Condell Fegan (b. 27 April 1852) established his first home in 1872 at the High Street, Deptford, followed by The Little Wanderers' Home (Greenwich), the Southwark Home and The Red Lamp (Westminster). Fegan also established a home in Brandon, Manitoba and Toronto.

Fegan's Child and Family Care can be contacted at:
Mr. Fegan's Homes Inc.
160 St. James Road
Tunbridge Wells,
Kent, TN1 2HE
England
Records from the Fegan Canadian home are held by Mr. Douglas Fry. There is a fee of $10 for undertaking a search. Contact details are:
Mr. Douglas Fry
503 King George
Brantford
Ontario N3T 5L8
Canada

Quarriers (formerly The Orphan Homes of Scotland and Quarriers Homes)

On July 2, 1872 the first children from Quarrier Homes of Scotland were sent to Canada with the Macpherson organisation. These children were sent on the ship St. David with a destination of Marchmont in Belleville, Ontario.

In 1888 William Quarrier established Fairknowe in Brockville (Ontario). Children from the Quarrier home (Scotland) and the Douglas Industrial Home (Isle of Man) were sent to Fairknowe.

Some records for this organisation can be found in the National Archives of Canada. You may also write to Quarriers Homes at the following address:
Quarrier Homes
Bridge-of-Weir
Renfrewshire PA11 3SX
Scotland
Email: enquiries@quarriers.org.uk
Website: www.quarriers.org.uk
Child migrants home page
Information index
Tracing the sending agency
Background on sending agencies
'At a glance' contact list for sending agencies
Useful addresses in receiving countries
Support fund

Former British child migrants: 'At a glance' contact list for sending agencies

There are a number of different ways in which you can choose to look for your family. Your personal records are most likely to be held by the agency that sent you abroad ("the Sending Agency"). If you already know the Sending Agency in your case then you can contact the agency direct if you wish. The addresses of the main agencies involved are given below.

So that you can be sure exactly what they can offer, the agency will give you a clear written statement of what level of service they provide. Some of the Sending Agencies can offer more tracing and counselling services than others. Their statement will help you to decide whether you wish to use them or an alternative tracing and counselling service.

Father Hudson's Society
Coventry Road
Coleshill
Birmingham B46 3ED
Tel: 01675 463187
Email: enquiries@fatherhudsons.org.uk

Catholic Children's Society (Westminster) (formerly Crusade of Rescue)
73 St Charles Square
London W10 6EJ
Tel: 020 8969 5305
Fax: 020 8960 1464
Website: http://www.cathchild.org.uk/

The Nugent Care Society
99 Edge Lane
Liverpool L7 2PE
Tel: 0151 261 2000
Fax: 0151 261 2001
Email: info@nugentcare.org

Barnardos (formerly Dr Barnardo’s)
After Care Centre
Tanners Lane
Barkingside
Ilford
Essex IG6 1QG
Tel: 020 8550 8822
Fax: 020 8498 7017
Email: aftercare@barnardos.org.uk
Website: www.barnardos.org.uk/whatwedo/aftercare/

Barnardo’s also holds records for Annie Macpherson Homes, Marchmont Homes and Liverpool Sheltering Homes.

The Salvation Army
101 Newington Causeway
London SE1 6BN
Tel: 020 7367 4924
Fax: 020 7367 4712

Fairbridge
207 Waterloo Road
The Children's Society (formerly known as the C of E Waifs and Strays Society)
The Post Adoption and Care Counselling and Research Project
91 Queen's Road
Peckham
London SE15 2EZ
Tel: 020 7732 9089
Fax: 020 7277 5760
Email: Julia.feast@thechildrens-society.org.uk
Website: http://www.the-childrens-society.org.uk

National Children’s Homes (NCH)
85 Highbury Park
London N5 1UD
Tel: 020 7704 7094
Fax: 020 7704 7172
Website: http://www.nch.org.uk

Family Care Society
511 Ormeau Road
Belfast BT7 3GS
Tel: 02890 691 133
Fax: 02890 649 849
Email: email@family-caresociety.co.uk

Family Care Society is a voluntary adoption society working alongside Social Services in providing adoption services throughout Northern Ireland. It offers a range of high quality services in the field of adoption and this includes counselling and support for former Australian child migrants and their extended families. Family Care Society operates from office bases in Derry and Belfast.

Middlemore Homes
55 Stevens Avenue
Bartley Green
Birmingham B32 3SD
Tel: 0121 427 2429
Fax: 0121 427 8752

Quarriers Village (formerly The Orphans Homes of Scotland)
Bridge of Weir
Renfrewshire
Scotland PA11 3SX
Tel: 01505 616000/612224
Fax: 01505 613906
Email: enquiries@quarriers.org.uk
Website: www.quarriers.org.uk

Fegans Child and Family Care
160 St James Road
Tunbridge Wells
Kent TN1 2HE
Tel: 01892 538288
Fax: 01892 515793
Email: info@fegans.org.uk
Website: www.fegans.org.uk
Addresses that may be helpful in the three main countries to which the majority of children were migrated - Australia, Canada and New Zealand

This list is not exhaustive and there may be many others that you will find helpful.

AUSTRALIA

Western Australia Referral Index (can be accessed through various agencies, including those marked* on these pages)
The Department of Family and Children’s Services*
189 Royal Street
East Perth
Western Australia 6004
Tel: (8) 9222 2662

PHIND*
PHIND is a personal history index for former child migrants to Catholic homes in Western Australia from 1938 to 1965. It can be accessed through various agencies, including those marked * on these pages.

Sisters of Mercy - Adelaide
Congregation Office
34 Angus Street
Adelaide SA 5000
Australia
Tel: (8) 8212 5456
Fax: (8) 8231 5175
E-mail: somercy@iinet.net.au

Sisters of St Joseph
PO Box 1150
Bunwood North
New South Wales
Australia
Tel: (2) 9745 3444
Fax: (2) 9744 3040
E-mail: joswsw@werple.net.au

Sisters of Mercy - Perth (Amal) Inc
PO Box 74
Catholic Migrant Centre
25 Victoria Square
Perth
Western Australia 6014
Tel: (8) 9382 1477
Fax: (8) 9388 2978

C-BERS Services*
PO Box 1172
Subiaco
Western Australia 6904
Office address:
12 Avvan Street
Western Australia 6008
Subiaco
Tel: (8) 9381 5422
Tel: (8) 1800 621805 (Freephone)  
Fax: (8) 9382 4114  
E-mail: cberss@iinet.net.au

Poor Sisters of Nazareth  
PO Box 3247  
Bluff Point  
Geraldton  
Western Australia 6530  
Tel: (8) 9923 1205  
Fax: (8) 9923 2585

Barnardo’s Australia  
Head Office  
60-64 Bay Street  
Ultimo  
New South Wales 2007  
Tel: (2) 9281 7933  
Fax: (2) 9281 0441

Catholic Migrant Centre *  
25 Victoria Square  
Perth  
Western Australia 6000  
Tel: (8) 9221 1727  
Fax: (8) 9221 3793

CANADA

National Archives of Canada  
Genealogy Unit  
395 Wellington Street  
Ottawa ON K1A ON3  
Tel: (613) 996 7458  
Website: http://www.archives.ca

The National Archives hold immigration records prior to 1936. They can assist you to search the indexed records.

Home Children Canada  
Mr David Lorente  
107 Erindale Avenue  
Renfrew ON K7 V 4G3  
Tel: (613) 432 2486  
Fax: (613) 432 2486  
E-mail: lorente@renc.igs.net

HCC - the only such body to “liaise” with major sending agencies which actually have the records child migrants seek - since 1991 has assisted inquirers, erected plaques, instigated Canada's National Archives database, held dozens of reunions across Canada, and invited social workers from sending agencies to talk and conduct private sessions.

The Canadian Centre for Home Children  
PO Box 2601  
Charlottetown PE1 C 1 A 8C3  
Telephone: 1 800 207 0071  
Fax: 1 902 368 2815  
E-mail: willow@auracom.com

Founded in 1990 and incorporated in 1991, this is a non-profit organisation devoted to helping child migrants and their descendants locate their roots and attempt to locate living relatives in the UK, Canada, Australia as well as other countries.

Young Immigrants to Canada  
http://ist.uwaterloo.ca/~marj/genealogy/homeadd.html
This is an extensive website with many links to other sources of information.

NEW ZEALAND

Children, Young Persons and their Families Agency (CYPFA)
Stuart Young,
Private Bag 21
Postal Centre
Wellington
Tele: (4) 916 3134
Fax: (4) 916 3144
E-mail: stuart young@dsw.govt.nz

The CYPFA hold a complete list of British children migrated to New Zealand and where they went to after their arrival.

British Child Migrants Society (NZ) Incorporated
Chairman: Len Oliver
62a Corinna Street
Welcome Bay
Tauranga 3001
New Zealand
Tel: (07) 544 7148
Fax: (07) 544 8024
Email: leonard_o@xtra.co.nz

Secretary: Jean Pickering
166 Seaview Road
New Plymouth
New Zealand
Tel: (06) 753 3967

This organisation represents former child migrants in New Zealand and will act as an intermediary with The Department of Child, Youth and Family Services for those former migrants who would prefer not to deal with the NZ Government Agency themselves.

Former British Child Migrants (South Island) NZ Club
Chairman: James A R Barber
2 Point Bush Road
Waimate
South Canterbury
New Zealand
Tel: (03) 689 7003

Secretary: Heather Walls
20 Resolution Place
Bryndwr
Christchurch
New Zealand
Tel: (03) 351 8814

This organisation represents former child migrants in New Zealand and will act as an intermediary with the CYPFA for those former migrants who would prefer not to deal with the NZ Government Agency themselves.
Support Fund

On 13 May 2003, the Australian government tabled its response to the 2001 report of the Senate Community affairs Reference Committee on child migration. If you would like further information about the fund and the eligibility you can either access


or you can make enquiries directly to:

Ms Diana Carroll (Director)
International Social Service
Australian Branch
Level 2
313-315 Flinders Lane
Melbourne
Victoria 3000
Australia.

For further information about any other available support funds you can also contact:

ISS Canada
714-151 Slater Street
Ottawa
Ontario
K1P 5H3
Tel: (613) 236 6161
Fax: (613) 233 7306

ISS New Zealand
Children, Young Persons and their Families Service
Private Bag 21
Postal Center
Wellington
New Zealand
Tel: (4) 916 3860
Fax: (4) 916 3144